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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/723,852	11/28/2000	Christopher Brian Brodeur	760-19	6459	
23869	7590 05/12/2003				
	N & BARON, LLP	EXAMINER			
6900 JERICHO TURNPIKE SYOSSET, NY 11791			THALER, MICHAEL H		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3731	12	
			DATE MAILED: 05/12/2003	1)	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Application No. 09/723,852

Applicant(s)

No. Applicant

Office Action Summary Examiner

Michael Thaler

Art Unit 3731

Brodeur



The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address							
Period for	or Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the							
- If the po - If NO po - Failure t - Any rep	date of this communication. eriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within th eriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply a to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause th hy received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of th patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	and will expire SIX (ne application to be	6) MONTHS (come ABAND	from the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Apr 21, 20	003		· ·			
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL. 2b) 💢 This action	ion is non-fin	al.				
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-5, 9-13, and 15-18</u>			is/are pending in the application.			
4	a) Of the above, claim(s)			is/are withdrawn from consideration.			
5) 🗆	Claim(s)			is/are allowed.			
	Claim(s) <u>1-5, 9-13, and 15-18</u>						
7) 🗆	Claim(s)			is/are objected to.			
8) 🗆	Claims	aı	re subject	t to restriction and/or election requirement.			
Applicat	tion Papers						
9) 🖵	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)□	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	a) accept	ted or b)	\square objected to by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the d	rawing(s) be h	eld in abe	yance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)□	The proposed drawing correction filed on	i	s: a) 🗆 a	approved b) \square disapproved by the Examiner.			
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply t	to this Office a	ection.				
12) 🗆	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami	iner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) 🗀	All b)□ Some* c)□ None of:						
1	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2	2. \square Certified copies of the priority documents have	e been receiv	ed in App	plication No			
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17:2(a)). *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
 14) ☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e). a) ☐ The translation of the f_reign language provisional application has been received. 							
15) ☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
_	tice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PT	O-413) Paper No(s)			
2) 🗌 Not	tice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of I	nformal Pater	nt Application (PTO-152)			
3) [] Info	ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	6) Other:					

Art Unit: 3731

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on March 17, 2003 has been entered.

Claims 1-5, 9-13 and 15-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. It is unclear what the term "non-continuous", as used in this application, means and therefore what structure it represents. Page 7, lines 21-22 of the specification states "Non-continuous, as used herein, refers to a tubular structure which is not substantially uninterrupted along its length". It is unclear if "along its length" means that 1) the structure is interrupted as one follows the longitudinal axis of the tubular structure or 2) the structure is interrupted either as one follows the longitudinal axis of the tubular structure as one follows the circumference of the tubular structure and this interruption occurs along the length of the tubular structure (as shown at 4 in figure 1, for example). Further, it is unclear what

Art Unit: 3731

the term "perimetrically non-continuous", as used in this application, means and therefore what structure it represents. is unclear if this term means 1) that the structure is noncontinuous as one follows the circumference of the tubular structure (as shown at 4 in figure 1, for example) or 2) that the structure is non-continuous as one follows either the circumference or the longitudinal axis of the tubular structure. An example of a structure which is non-continuous as one follows the longitudinal axis of the tubular structure is a series of members (indicated by reference numeral 7 in figure 2) wherein each member is a 360 degree ring spaced longitudinally from the other rings. case the "perimeter" is simply the entire surface of the tubular structure. Also, it appears that second body 7 (figure 2) and (figure 3) extend only partially in second body 10 circumferential direction since they are termed "strips" in the specification. Yet, the second bodies (e.g. second bodies 7 and are referred to as a tubular bodies throughout specification. Thus, it is unclear from the disclosure if second bodies 7 and 10 are tubular bodies which extend completely 360 degrees circumferentially or not. In other words, it is unclear if each of the three rectangular blocks on the right side of figure 2 represents a tubular body which extends completely 360 degrees circumferentially or not. If it does, it is not seen how it can be

Art Unit: 3731

considered a strip. If it does not, it is unclear where the other strips are which form a tube with the rectangular strip shown.

Claims 1-5, 9-13 and 15-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The meaning of the terms "noncontinuous" and "perimetrically non-continuous" is unclear for the reasons set forth above. Further, it is unclear if "lengthwise" in claim 17, line 7, for example, means 1) parallel to the longitudinal axis of the tubular body or 2) at least having a component which extends along the length of the tubular body (e.g. a helix).

Claims 1-5, 9-13, 15 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ray (EP 0893108). Ray shows first substantially continuous PTFE tubular body 4, second perimetrically non-continuous tubular body (the longitudinally extending strips of the coupling member described in col. 9, lines 13-21) formed of polytetrafluorethylene (as indicated in col. 16, lines 20-31) and support structure 6. The Ray specification fails to specifically state that axial and radial compliance is provided to the prosthesis. However, it would have been obvious that axial and radial compliance is provided to the prosthesis due to the gaps between the strips. As to claim 3, note col. 7, lines 24-26 which indicates that the coupling member may be located on the inner

Art Unit: 3731

rather than the outer surface of the stent. As to claim 6, note col. 10, lines 42-46.

Claims 16 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Layne et al. (6,398,803). Layne et al. show first perimetrically non-continuous polytetrafluorethylene inner tubular body (one set of circumferentially arranged strips extending between openings 44 of the inner "lacey" graft described in col. 5, lines 29-42 and which extend longitudinally only a distance equal to the width of each opening as measured in the longitudinal direction of the tubular member), second perimetrically non-continuous outer tubular body (one set of circumferentially arranged strips extending between openings 44 of the outer "lacey" graft described in col. 5, lines 29-42), support structure 30, both the outer and inner tubular body being formed of strips 48. Since only a portion of the Layne et al. inner and outer "lacey" grafts are considered to meet the claimed terms "tubular inner body" and outer tubular body", these portions are each "non-continuous along the entire length of said tubular bodies" as claimed. In other words, the "lacey" graft shown in figure 2 may be considered as comprising a series of longitudinally extending interconnected bodies. The first body at the end of the graft is continuous around its circumference. The second body consists of a plurality of strips between the openings 44. third body is continuous around its circumference and so on, with

Art Unit: 3731

the bodies alternating between being circumferentially continuous and non-continuous. One of these circumferentially non-continuous bodies is considered to be the claimed body. The Layne et al. specification fails to specifically state that axial and radial compliance is provided to the prosthesis. However, it would have been obvious that axial and radial compliance is provided to the prosthesis due to the openings between the strips.

Applicant's arguments filed Dec. 26, 2002 and March 17, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The bottom of page 3 of the remarks filed March 17, 2003 refer to the "clarifying comments regarding these terms" on page 3 of the Response dated December 19, 2002. In those comments it is stated "By way of explanation, the specification on page 7, lines 19-22 defines the term non-continuous as a tubular body which is substantially uninterrupted along its length". However, this makes no sense since a tubular body which is substantially uninterrupted along its length is continuous rather than non-continuous. last sentence on page 4 of the remarks filed March 17, 2003 is not If bodies 7 and 10 are continuous around the entire circumference of the tubular body, then is not seen how it can be considered a "strips". If they are "perimetrically noncontinuous", does that mean that each of the 3 segments at 7 in figure 2 and each of the 6 segments at 10 in figure 3 may have a structure similar to that shown at 4 in figure 1? If so, where

Art Unit: 3731

does the original disclosure disclose this? The reference to "Longitudinally extending strips" in col. 9, lines 18-21 of Ray clearly refers to strips that extend along (parallel to) the longitudinal axis of the prosthesis since such strips are "Longitudinally extending". Further, the use of this phrase rather than the term "helical" (which is used to describe other embodiments) indicates that a structure other than helical is intended. It would have been obvious that these strips are non-overlapping since the strips shown in the figures are non-overlapping.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Thaler whose telephone number is (703) 308-2981. The examiner can normally be reached Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael J. Milano can be reached on (703)308-2496. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)305-3590 for regular communications and (703)305-3590 for After Final communications.

Art Unit: 3731

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0858.

mht May 8, 2003 PRIMARY EXAMINER ART UNIT 3731

Page 8